



Biennial Report

Jacquice Stone

Georgia Disability Services Ombudsman and Olmstead Coordinator

Mission Statement: The mission of the Office of the Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) is to promote the safety, well-being, and rights of individuals with disabilities and to coordinate state compliance with the 1999 US Supreme Court Olmstead decision (O.C.G.A. §37-2-35).

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Biennial Report Objective: Georgia law stipulates that the biennial report should document the types of complaints and problems reported by consumers and others on their behalf and include recommendations concerning needed policy, regulatory, and legislative changes (O.C.G.A. § 37-2-35).

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Message from the Ombudsman and Olmstead Coordinator

To Governor Brian Kemp, the General Assembly, Commissioners, and the general public:

It is my honor to serve as Ombudsman and Olmstead Coordinator, a position I assumed on March 13, 2019. The Office of Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) combines the roles of Ombudsman and Olmstead Coordinator and fully embraces the mission of promoting the safety, rights, and well-being of individuals with disabilities in Georgia. This office responds to complaints and requests for assistance and information while also working to support community integration and consumer choice in accordance with the U.S. Supreme Court's 1999 Olmstead decision.

The enclosed report provides an account of the work accomplished by ODSO and the Medical Review Group during fiscal years 2020 and 2021. Within this biennium, the ODSO saw an approximate 30 percent increase in the total number of issues raised by complainants. The majority of inquiries received were from or on behalf of individuals living with a mental illness.

Of note, since the submission of the previous report in 2019, ODSO has been monitoring efforts by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD) to expand community-based capacity and transition individuals from institutional settings into the community. In 2013 and 2015 respectively, the department closed Southwestern State Hospital and the James B. Craig Nursing Center. This work to support community integration aligns with ODSO's priorities.

ODSO seeks to partner with federal, state, and local agencies and stakeholders to improve service delivery for all disability populations in Georgia. We reaffirm our commitment to listening to the disability community and the general public to identify issues and determine

effective solutions. Thank you for your interest and support of the work of the Office of Disability Services Ombudsman.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jacquice Stone". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Jacquice Stone
Ombudsman and Olmstead Coordinator
Governor's Office of Disability Services Ombudsman

Responsibilities of the Office of Disability Services Ombudsman¹

- **Establishes** priorities, policies and procedures for receiving, investigating, referring, and attempting to resolve complaints made by or on behalf of consumers concerning any act, omission to act, practice, policy, or procedure of provider of services that may adversely affect the safety, well-being, and rights of consumers and any policies and procedures necessary to implement the provisions of this article;
- **Investigates** and make reports and recommendations to the department and other appropriate agencies concerning any act or failure to act by any provider of services with respect to the safety, well-being, and rights of consumers and is authorized to: (a) Prioritize investigations, reporting, and recommendations based on the seriousness and pervasiveness of the alleged act or failure to act; and (b) Refer to the services' provider those complaints deemed appropriate for resolution by the services' provider;
- **Establishes** a uniform state-wide complaint process;
- **Collects** and records data relating to complaints and findings with regard to services' providers and analyze such data in order to identify adverse effects upon the safety, well-being, and rights of consumers;
- **Promotes** the interests of consumers before governmental agencies and seek administrative and other remedies to protect the safety, well-being, and rights of consumers by: (a) Analyzing, commenting on, and monitoring the development and implementation of federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and other governmental policies and actions that pertain to the safety, well-being, and rights of consumers; and (b) Recommending any changes in such laws, regulations, policies, and actions as the ombudsman determines to be appropriate;
- **Makes** a biennial written report documenting the types of complaints and problems reported by consumers and others on their behalf and include recommendations concerning needed policy, regulatory, and legislative changes. The biennial report shall be submitted to the Governor, the General Assembly, the commissioner, and other appropriate agencies and organizations and made available to the public. The ombudsman shall not be required to distribute copies of the biennial report to the members of the General Assembly but shall notify the members of the availability of the report in the manner which he or she deems to be most effective and efficient. The report shall not identify any consumer by name or by implication without the express written consent of the consumer, or if applicable the parent of a minor consumer, the guardian of the consumer, or the health care agent of the consumer if the agent is so authorized to make such a decision and the consumer is unable to do so; and
- **Reports** suspected criminal activity, abuse, neglect, exploitation, abandonment, or violation of professional code.
- **Coordinates** and leads the medical reviews of all deaths in state hospitals and state operated community residential services.
- **Coordinates** state compliance with the 1999 US Supreme Court Olmstead decision.

¹ O.C.G.A. §37-2-35

Intake Overview

The Office of Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) responds to complaints as well as requests for assistance and information as it relates to the safety, well-being and rights of individuals with disabilities in Georgia. During the 2020 and 2021 fiscal years, ODSO opened 280 cases and responded to 267 issues. The issues responded to range from complaints of abuse and neglect to requests for assistance regarding benefits and housing for individuals with disabilities. From fiscal year 2020 to fiscal year 2021, there was an approximate increase of 65 percent in the number of issues responded to by the ODSO.

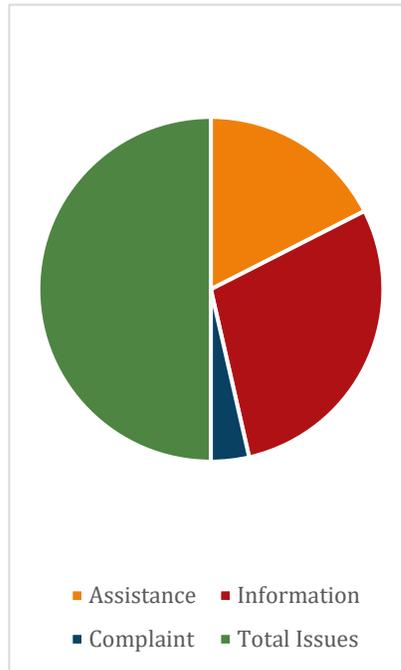


Figure 1

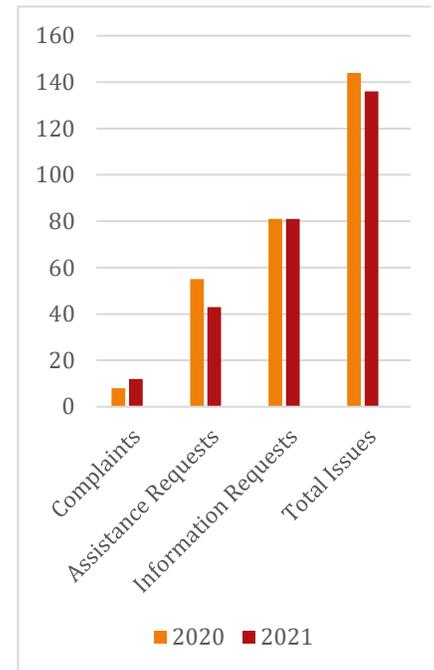


Figure 2

Top 10 Most Frequent Issues Across all Intake Categories	FY 2020 and 2021	Percentage
Benefits	67	42.4%
Housing	28	17.7%
Other	10	6.3%
Medication	10	6.3%
Other	10	6.3%
Medication	10	6.3%
Transportation	6	3.7%
Legal	6	3.7%
Care Plan	6	3.7%
Treatment Issue	5	3.1%
Subtotal (10 most frequent issues)	158	97% of total
Total (of all issues responded to)	158	100%

Figure 3

Intake Categories

Information Requests	<p>Calls to the Office of Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) often concern how to determine benefit eligibility or how to apply for a benefit. In most instances, these inquiries can be resolved by providing a telephone number or point of contact. ODSO staff routinely verify that the contact information is valid before providing it to a caller. ODSO staff continuously update the office's resource listing and points of contact to support individuals with disabilities.</p>
Assistance Requests	<p>Requests for assistance are more involved than requests for information and often require extensive work by ODSO staff. ODSO cannot provide legal, financial, or medical advice. ODSO staff will provide contact information for these technical services. If a caller has difficulty obtaining a benefit or service, ODSO staff can facilitate the connection to the agency responsible for the benefit, service, or support. These calls are not transferred to other helping agencies until ODSO has worked to resolve the request in the office and has provided the caller with a workable solution.</p>
Complaints	<p>Complaints are regarded as more serious and normally require an investigation to determine if the complaint is substantiated or not. Although ODSO often works with state agencies to resolve complaints, ODSO is an independent office that is legislatively required to determine the facts in an investigation and take appropriate action to correct the situation and to prevent a future reoccurrence. ODSO makes its final determinations independent of any provider or state agency. Any call concerning the safety, well-being, and rights of an individual with disability is considered a priority.</p>

FY 2020: Intake by Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD) Service Regions

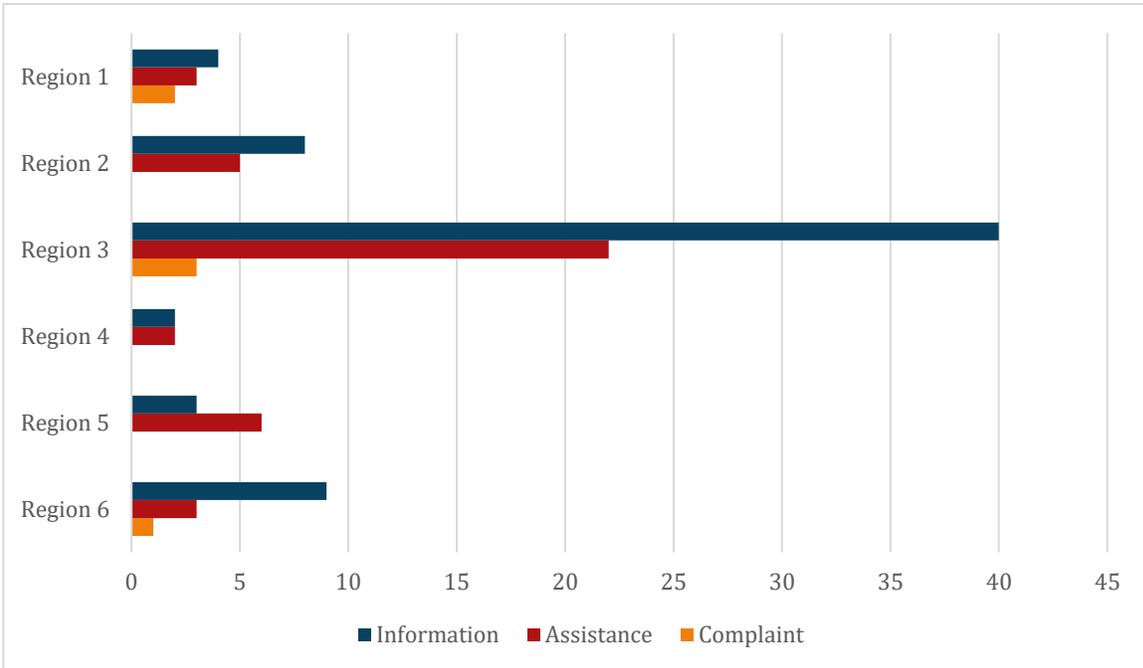


Figure 4

FY 2021: Intake by Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD) Service Regions

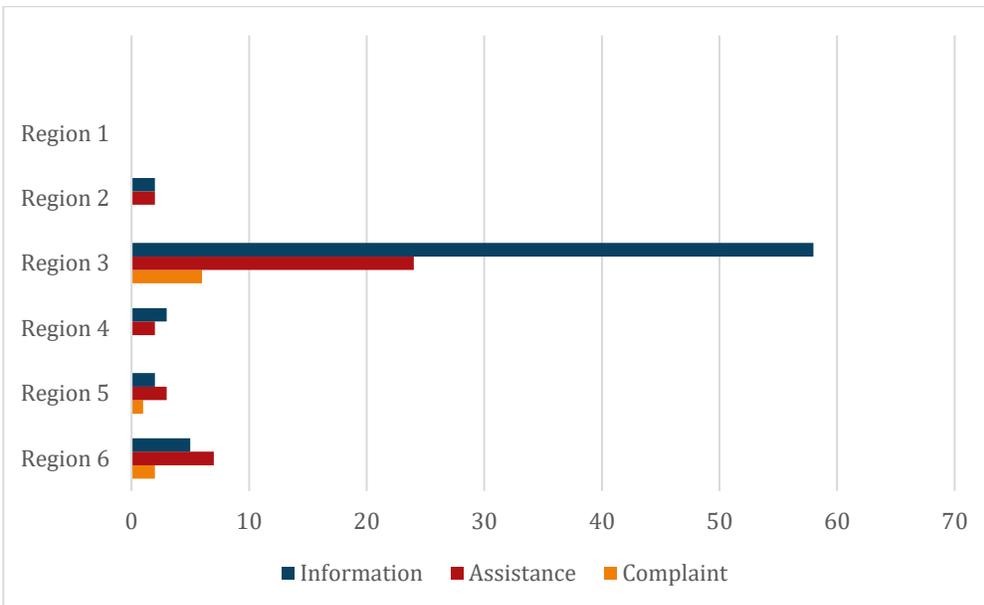


Figure 5

Disability Populations

The Office of Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) serves all individuals with disabilities, their families, and those who provide support and advocacy. The table below lists the disability populations served during fiscal years 2020 and 2021 (Figure 4). Combined mental illness disabilities and physical disabilities accounted for the majority, 78 percent, of the ODSO’s total intake during the biennium. This includes complaints reported by individuals with a disability or on their behalf, as well as requests for assistance and information. This information is useful in outreach planning, policy formulation, and legislative recommendations.

Total Disability Population Served	FY 2020	FY 2021	Total Cases
Physical Disability	39	57	96
Mental Illness	79	57	136
None/Not Determined/Not Available	4	4	8
Intellectual and Developmental Disability	9	3	12
Brain Injury-Mental Illness	1	0	1
Addictive Disease	0	2	2
Co-Mental Illness and Addictive Disease	1	1	2
Total Cases by Disability Type	133	124	257

Figure 6

Complaints Received

To emphasize the availability of ombudsman services, the Office of Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) has established a state-wide complaint process, distributed posters about the complaint process, and provided contact information for ODSO.

During the intake of complaints, ODSO gathers and evaluates initial information from the complainant to determine how to proceed in the investigation. This is primarily done through a phone intake process. Seventy-five percent of cases involving issues of complaint are initiated directly by individuals with disabilities and the other twenty-five percent are initiated by relatives, agency personnel, and other advocates.

During the complaint investigation process, ODSO looks for and analyzes the facts of each complaint issue. This is done while also maintaining impartiality as well as necessary confidentiality. All available sources of information are considered, including: applicable laws, rules, regulations, policies and or procedures, important documentation, and phone interviews. The range of issues investigated and an overview of the complaint outcomes during fiscal years 2020 and 2021, follow.

O.C.G.A. § 37-2-39

The ombudsman shall prepare and distribute to each services provider in the state a written notice describing the procedure to follow in making a complaint, including the address and telephone number of the office and the ombudsman. The administrator or person in charge of such services provider shall give the written notice required by this Code section to each consumer who receives disability services from such services provider and the consumer's guardian, parent of a minor consumer, or health care agent, if any, upon first providing such disability services. The administrator or person in charge of such services provider shall also post such written notice in conspicuous public places in the facility, premises, or property in which disability services are provided in accordance with procedures provided by the ombudsman and shall give such notice to any consumer and his or her guardian, parent of a minor consumer, or health care agent, if any, who

Complaint Issues

- ▼ The percentage of complaint cases increased by approximately 20% from FY 2020 to FY 2021.
- ▼ The percentage of complaint issues increased by approximately 30% from FY 2020 to FY 2021.

For reporting purposes, the number of complaint cases equals to the number of complainants. Therefore, ODSO not only tracks how many individuals report problems (complaint cases/complainants), but also the various problems that are reported by complainants (complaint issues).

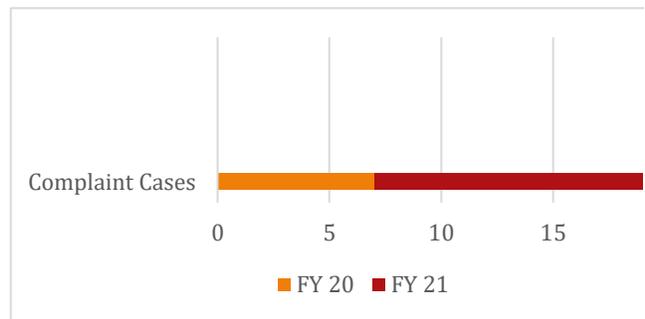


Figure 7

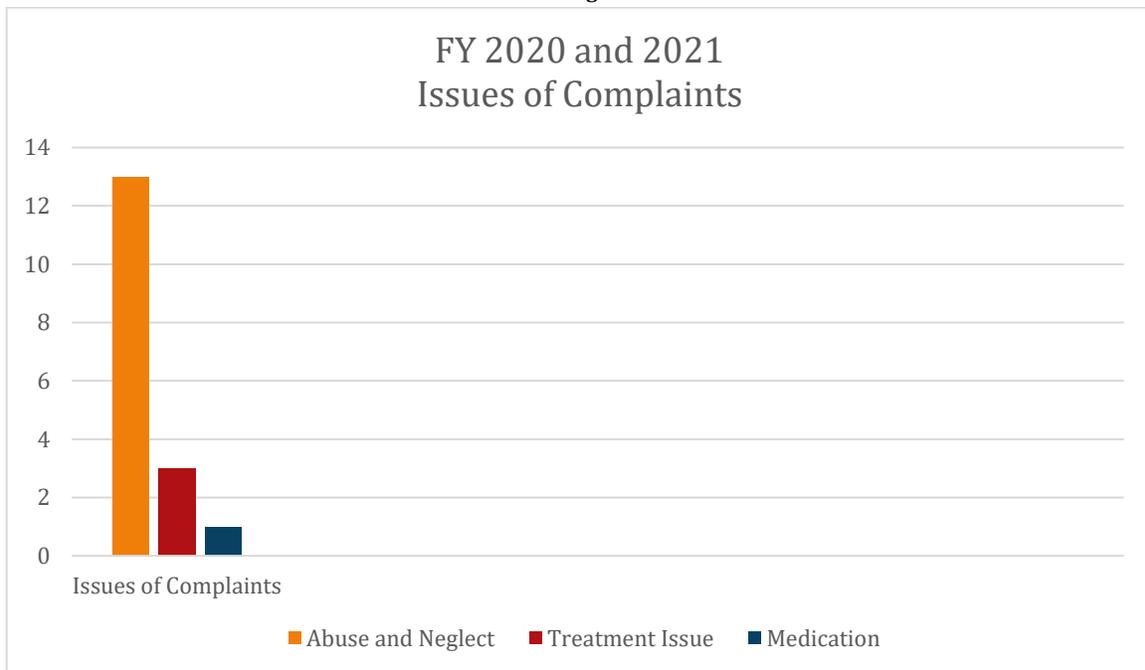


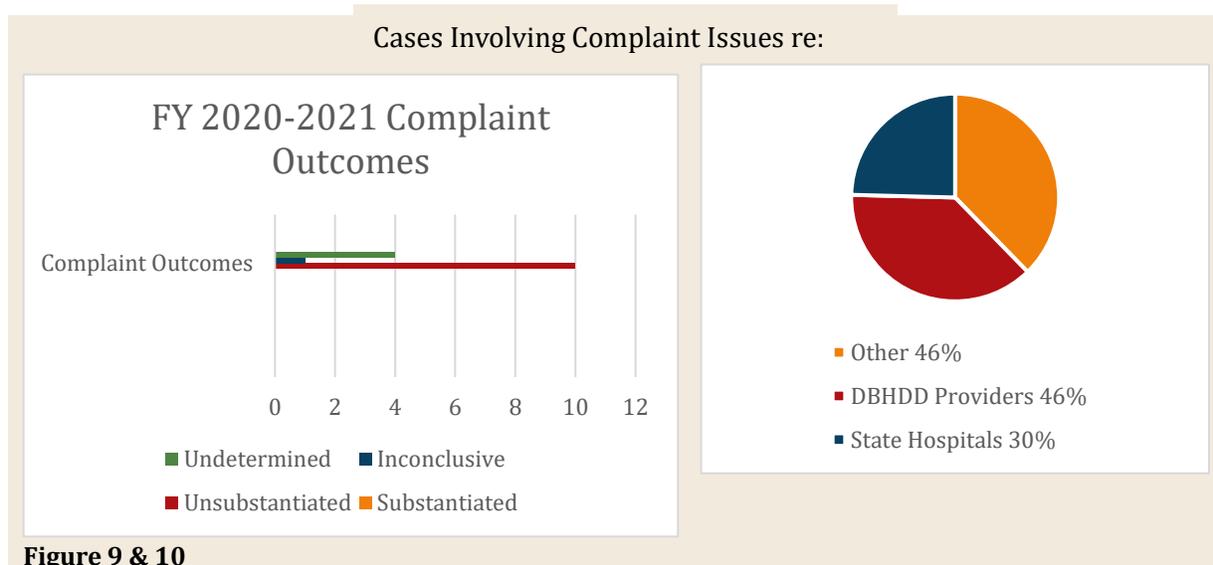
Figure 8

Complaint Outcomes

The investigation process involves communicating with state agency points of contact, and in some instances, private service providers who are not contracted with a state agency. Non-jurisdictional cases involving services not provided by or contracted through a state agency may rely more on the process of informal mediation to assist with resolving the problem(s).

Complaints are substantiated if information received during the investigation supports the allegations presented. If the investigation does not support the allegations, the complaint is unsubstantiated. If ODSO staff is unable to obtain information to make a substantiated/unsubstantiated determination, the complaint is reported as inconclusive. As reflected in Figure 9, the majority of complaints investigated during fiscal years 2020 and 2021 were unsubstantiated. However, an unsubstantiated outcome does not mean that there are no presenting issues that need attention and does not discourage the ODSO from working with the reporter beyond the investigation to determine alternative actions to work towards resolution and to determine what can be done to address the situation. It is not uncommon for a complaint case, regardless of the determination, to include substantive assistance in facilitating communication between key parties and coordinating resources with the goal of addressing identified needs of the individual with disability.

As a result of the complaint process, ODSO staff routinely investigates and makes recommendations to the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD). However, not all complaints are related to DBHDD services. In fiscal year 2020-2021 approximately forty six percent of complaints were unrelated to services provided by DBHDD or DBHDD contracted providers. (Figure 10).



Assistance and Information Requests

Most citizens do not contact the Office of Disability Services Ombudsman (ODSO) to make a complaint about an agency or services' provider.² Instead, they contact ODSO because they are having a problem and they need help or information so that it can be resolved. They are often frustrated by what they perceive as bureaucratic obstacles or by their lack of understanding or knowledge of a process or available resources. Therefore, ODSO intake staff spend a significant amount of effort coaching individuals; researching policies, procedures, regulations, and resources on their behalf; and facilitating communication between individuals and other agencies. Below are examples of the various ways that ODSO helped address 195 issues during the 2020 and 2021 fiscal years that stemmed from assistance and information requests:

- Coordinated actions between a mental health consumer, a DBHDD regional office, and a DBHDD contracted provider to address organizational inefficiencies that resulted in a negative treatment experience with the provider. The provider acknowledged the consumer's experience was unacceptable and committed to address the issues raised;
- Coordinated actions between DBHDD and a DBHDD contracted provider to address safety concerns of a consumer receiving supported housing services, resulting in the consumer being redirected to other appropriate supported housing options;
- Communicated patient's safety concerns to a state psychiatric hospital patient advocate, resulting in the patient receiving a precautionary relocation to a different unit; and
- Served as a liaison between DBHDD and a mother who requested a new review of level of need to determine if her child qualified for additional family supports while waiting to receive a Medicaid waiver.

Most Frequent Issues: Assistance and Information Requests

Top 5 Most Frequent Assistance Request Issues	FY 2020 and 2021	Percentage
Benefits	39	52.7%
Housing	13	16.8%
Discharge	9	12.1%
Other	8	10.8%
Medication	5	6.7%
Subtotal (5 most frequent assistance request issues)	74	73% of total
Total (of all issues assistance requests)	101	100%

Top 5 Most Frequent Information Request Issues	FY 2020 and 2021	Percentage
Benefits	28	46.6%
Housing	15	25%
Discharge	7	11.6%
Dignity and Respect	6	10%
Transportation	4	6.6%
Subtotal (5 most frequent information request issues)	60	63.8% of total
Total (of all information requests issues)	94	100%

Medical Review Group (MRG)

The Governor appoints a Medical Review Group (MRG) to review all deaths of individuals with disabilities in state hospitals or state operated community residential services. The MRG consists of the ombudsman, who serves as the chairman, and four board certified physicians, one of whom must be a psychiatrist.

Supported by O.C.G.A. §37-2-45³, the medical review group makes four determinations as to whether:

- 1) the death was the result of natural causes or may have resulted from other than natural causes;
- 2) the death requires further investigation or review;
- 3) to make confidential recommendations to the ombudsman, the department, the division, the state hospitals, and state operated community residential services regarding consumer treatment and care, policies, and procedures, which may assist in the prevention of deaths; and
- 4) to report to the appropriate law enforcement agency any suspected criminal activity or suspected abuse and shall report any suspected violation of any professional code of conduct to the appropriate licensing board.

³ The legislation that supports the Medical Review Group can be found in Appendix B.

MRG Meetings

The MRG convened two times in FY 20 and three times in FY 21 to review the deaths that met the legislative guidelines. The MRG conducted 31 total reviews during the biennium.

Medical Review Statistics

FY 2020 and FY 2021 Medical Reviews					
Medical Review Dates	New death cases reviewed	Cases w/follow up from previous meeting(s)	Cases Closed	Cases reviewed that are still pending	Total cases reviewed
September 6, 2019	7	0	7	0	7
November 1, 2019	5	0	5	0	5
March 20, 2020	7	0	7	0	7
September 11, 2020	6	0	6	0	6
March 5, 2021	6	0	6	0	6
TOTAL	31	0	31	0	31

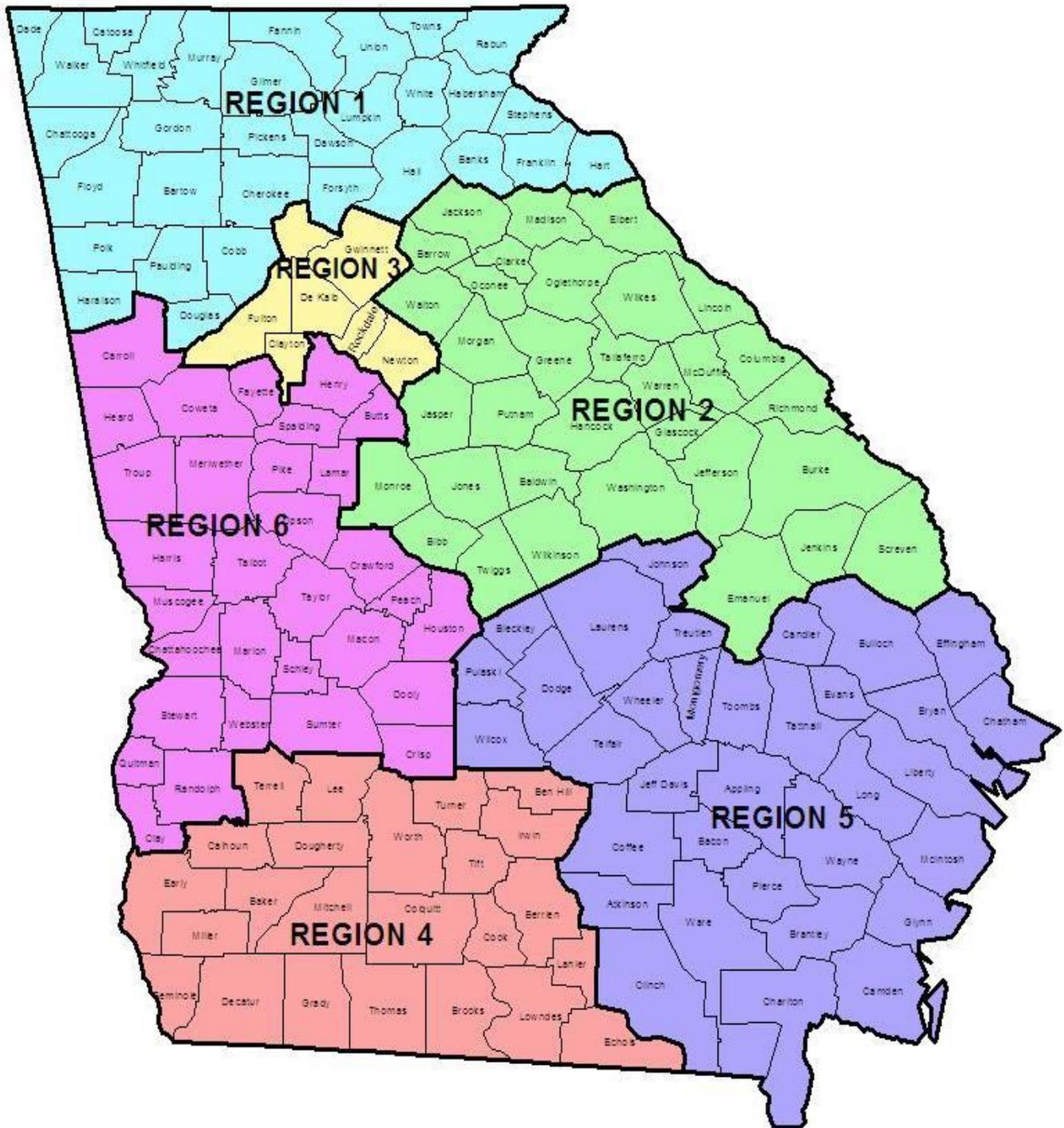
Figure 13

Policy, Regulatory, and Legislative Changes

Changes Implemented During the Biennium

- 1) The lack of sufficient personal protective equipment hampered the initial response to the pandemic. Nonetheless, it appears that DBHDD responded responsibly and thoughtfully to the threats of the pandemic by issuing information and protocols to reduce potential risk, introducing reasonable flexibility in the requirements for billing for the services provided in community settings, funding emergency hotel/motel stays, tracking COVID-19 related information on its website and monitoring requests for crisis counseling at the local level. DBHDD also created a website to disseminate information related to the number of confirmed cases of COVID-19 among residents of its State Hospitals, as well as the number of hospitalized individuals and staff who tested positive, recovered or died.
- 2) With the COVID-19 public health emergency, ‘healthy hotels’ were designated for individuals who were COVID-19 negative and experiencing homelessness until they could be referred to the Georgia Housing Voucher Program (GHVP) and be permanently housed. As this was a new process, a job aid and Process Map for the Healthy Hotel Referral Process* was developed to train stakeholders on their role in referring individuals to the GHVP from the ‘healthy hotels’
- 3) The Suicidal Ideation Special Study was commissioned by DBHDD and administered by the Georgia Collaborative ASO. The overarching goal of this study was to learn information that will help reduce suicide rates in Georgia. This study used a tracer methodology to follow individuals who completed suicide or presented with suicidal ideation to determine what risk and protective factors were identified, as well as what services, evaluations, assessments and treatments were provided to the individual. Preliminary results are being shared internally and it is anticipated that several additional projects will result from the findings.
- 4) Expansion of the Georgia Apex Program increased access to a continuum of behavioral health care for children and families. This innovative program is a collaboration among school systems, providers and other community stakeholders.

Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities – Map of Service Regions



Appendix B – Medical Review Group Legislation

O.C.G.A. § 37-2-45. Medical review group to review the deaths of consumers

- a) The Governor shall appoint a medical review group to conduct medical reviews of all deaths of consumers in state hospitals or state operated community residential services, which shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The medical review group shall consist of the ombudsman and four board certified physicians, one of whom shall be a psychiatrist. Three members of the medical review group shall constitute a quorum. The ombudsman shall serve as the chairperson and shall appoint a vice chairperson.
- b) The physician members of the medical review group shall receive such compensation, if any, as may be fixed by the Governor. Such physician members shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred by them in performance of their duties such as transportation, lodging, and subsistence, at the same rate as members of the General Assembly.
- c) The medical review group:
 - 1) Shall be a review organization and shall conduct reviews of deaths of consumers in state hospitals and state operated community residential services as peer reviews pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 7 of Title 31;
 - 2) Shall review, within 60 days of notice of the death, all deaths of consumers:
 - A. Occurring on site of a state hospital or state operated community residential services providing services under this title;
 - B. In the company of staff of a state hospital or state operated community residential services providing services under this title; or
 - C. Occurring within two weeks following the consumer's discharge from a state hospital or state operated community residential services;
 - 3) Shall have access to all clinical records of the consumer, all investigations conducted by the department, state hospitals, or state operated community residential services regarding the death, and all reviews of the death, including peer reviews;
 - 4) May interview staff of the state hospitals and state operated community residential services, and other persons involved in the events immediately preceding and involving the death;

- 5) Shall determine whether the death was the result of natural causes or may have resulted from other than natural causes;
 - 6) Shall determine whether the death requires further investigation or review;
 - 7) May make confidential recommendations to the ombudsman, the department, the division, the state hospitals, and state operated community residential services regarding consumer treatment and care, policies, and procedures, which may assist in the prevention of deaths; and
 - 8) Shall report to the appropriate law enforcement agency any suspected criminal activity or suspected abuse and shall report any suspected violation of any professional code of conduct to the appropriate licensing board.
- d) All peer review records submitted to or produced or created by the medical review group and the findings and recommendations of the medical review group, except for the quarterly reports, shall remain confidential and shall not be considered public records under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.

Appendix C – Acronyms

BHCC	Behavioral Health Coordinating Council
CIT	Crisis Intervention Training
CMS	US Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
CSH	Central State Hospital
DAS/FSIU	Division of Aging Services, Forensic Special Investigations Unit
DBHDD	Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities
DCA	Department of Community Affairs
DCH	Department of Community Health
DCH/HCF	Department of Community Health, Healthcare Facility Regulation
DHS	Department of Human Services
DNR/DNI	Do Not Resuscitate/Do Not Intubate
DOJ	Department of Justice
ECRH	East Central Regional Hospital
FY	Fiscal Year
GBI	Georgia Bureau of Investigations
GRHA	Georgia Regional Hospital at Atlanta
GRHS	Georgia Regional Hospital at Savannah
HUD	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
ME	Medical Examiner
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
MRG	Medical Review Group
ODSO	Office of the Disability Services Ombudsman
OPC	Olmstead Planning Committee
NOW/COMP	New Options Waiver/Comprehensive Supports Waiver
NWGRH	Northwest Georgia Regional Hospital
PCH	Personal Care Home
SAMHSA	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
SWOT	Strengths/Weaknesses/Opportunities/Threats Analysis
SWSH	Southwestern State Hospital
WCGRH	West Central Georgia Regional Hospital